HON THOS. S. BOCOCK.

Our correspondent "Henry," in explaining the po-sition of the Hon. Thos. S. Bocock and others on the Kansas question, characterizes the official conduct of Gov. Walker by expressions not properly warranted by anything that he has said or done. Neither do we admit that the President has made any "misstep" in the matter. Yet, in that spirit of justice and fairness which governs our course, we are willing that even those who differ from us should speak through columns. And especially so when, as in the present instance, those thus differing from us are for the most part, our personal as well as our politi cal friends. It is with great pleasure, therefore, that we afford our correspondent an opportunity of explaining what he considers their true position in regard to the Kansas question. But we beg to say that we have not for a moment supposed that the position of our Virginia and other southern friends as materially different from what our correspondent has described it. For whilst they may not, and certainly do not, approve the entire course of Gov. Walker, yet they would not consider his isolated acts, of what they deem indiscretion, a sufficient rea son to oppose the administration, or to justify them in an effort to disorganize the democratic party, and destroy its harmony and ascendency.

I have recently seen in the newspapers a statement that the Hon. Thomas S. Bocock, of Virginia, has been classed with the Hon. L. M. Keitt, of South Carolina, as in vio-lent opposition to the administration of Mr. Buchanan on account of the Kansas policy of Gov. Walker, and I am satisfied that Mr. Bocock's position in this respect has

am satisfied into Mr. Buchanan's letter of the Cincinnati platform; Mr. Buchanan's letter of acceptance of the democratic nomination; and in the highest officion and threats to defeat a constitution if not submitted to the people. He maintains that the coxyxxriox, which represents the highest sovereignty of the people, alone, have the right to submit, or not, as it may determine, a constitution for ratification or rejection; and that Walker's interference was gratuitous, and in the highest degree offensive to the spirit and letter of the organic act; the Cincinnati platform; Mr. Buchanan's letter of acceptance of the democratic nomination; and the instructions of the President, which were to govern Walker's conduct in the execution of his duties as governor of the Ter-

The Virginia delegation in Congress, and, so far as The virginia delegation in Congress, and, so far as 1 can learn, the members elect generally of the South, occupy this ground; but they are not, therefore, disposed to make war upon Mr. Buchanan before he shall have had an opportunity fully to develop his policy; nor will they go for breaking up the democratic organization for what they consider one misstep of the administration.

But it is believed—and there is good reason for the belief, they they then they have the product of th

But it is believed—and there is good reason for the belief—that the President himself does not entirely approve of Gov. Walker's acts. As a personal favor, and at the carnest solicitation of the President, Mr. Walker made sacrifices to accept the office of governor of Kansas, and therefore we can all appreciate the unwillingness of Mr. Buchanan to sacrifice his friend for whatever blunders have been heretofore committed. The President may be disposed to forgive the past and indulge a hope that Walker's future will be retrieved by good conduct; and that, in the further execution of the delicate functions of his office, the governor will act in strictic conformity to the powers which the constitution invests him with under the organic act, and to the instructions of the President, whose duty it is to see that "the laws are faithfully executed."

Gov. Walker's only prerogative is to execute the laws.

not to make them.

Mr. Becock, and the whole democratic South, are deeply solicitous, aye, mixious, that Walker will intercent no longer with his censorious dictums! All we ask is non-

incremation.

For myself I am gratified to believe that the President will, in his message to Congress, fully satisfy the party and the country as to his orthodoxy and constitutional soundness on this much-vexed question. His late reply to the Connecticut clergymen is an estreet of what may be expected in this respect. Let every patriot rejoice at this reassurance from the President of his adhesion to the conservative guarantees of the constitution. HENRY.

SEPT. 5, 1857.

P. S.—Permit me to add that the "news" telegraphed to the New York Herald on the 3d instant about the democracy of Virginia rallying around Senator Hunter in opposition to Mr. Buchanan's administration is the merest fabrication imaginable. Senator Hunter, in writing to a friend a few days since, who referred to a rumor of this character, stated that "he had no disposition or expectation of warring upon the administration." As to the alleged rivalry between Wise and Hunter, I can assure you that Gov. Wise will not lend himself to the indiscretions of quondam friends in the competition for senatorship next winter in Virginia.

H.

MINNESOTA DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION A democratic State convention will be held at St. Paul, Minnesota, on the 15th of this month to nominate the following officers: A governor, a lieutenant governor, a secretary of State, a State auditor, a Burrow, and J. B. Houston State treasurer, an attorney general, a chief justice of the supreme court, two associate justices, and three members of Congress.

In regard to the new constitution about to be submitted to the people of Minnesota, the St. Paul Pioneer says:

"There is one thing about the constitution gratifying to every democrat: while its provisions hear ample evidence that its framers were impressed with a deep conviction of their responsibility to the people, by carefully securing to them every guarantee that their inherent rights and privileges would remain inviolate, yet the convention has taken care to banish from its articles every provision in the provised decreased as a secondary with the function decreased. provision implying a sympathy with the fanatical dog mas of the black-republican party of the day. It is a State-rights national democratic constitution. What greater eulogy can be pronounced upon its framers than

# THE NEW HAMPSHIRE PATRIOT.

J. W. Merriam, esq., has become associated with Mr. Butterfield as joint editor and proprietor of this old, sterling, and influential organ of the democratic party. In his salutatory address Mr. Merriam remarks with great force :

"I shall labor constantly and zealously to make the
Patriot in future, as it has been heretofore, an efficient
and reliable supporter of the democratic cause and a true
exponent of the purposes and principles of the national
democracy of New Hampshire. These purposes and principles are as broad as the country, having no taint of sectionalism, but steadily directed with an eye single to the
prosperity and glory of the great whole. The great distinguishing characteristics of the democratic party are
its pure nationality and strict adherence to constitutional tinguishing characteristics of the democratic party are its pure nationality and strict adherence to constitutional requirements. 'A line of policy comprehending the whole country in its scope best subserves the interests of the party in every section and best promotes the prosperity of the Union. By such a course of policy the democracy have been enabled thus far to fulfil their high mission; their principles have been the nation's guide, always indicating the right line of homorable advancement. It will be my constant endeavor to do all in my power to promote the success of those principles and that policy."

A late number of the San Francisco Advocate says that ex-Governor John Bigler and family left Sacramento on the 20th of July for Chili, to which place he goes as American minister. A large number of friends accompanied him to the boat "to bid them an

Alluding to the resignation of Justice Curtis, of the Supreme Court of the United States, the Boston Post says: "The reason for this step is said to be the inadequacy of the salary, and it is also said that Mr. C. will resume his practice at the Boston bar."

It is said that Col. Du Solle, formerly of the Philadelphia Spirit of the Times, has purchased Mr. Dean's one-third interest in the New York Sunday Times for \$10,000.

### DEPARTMENT NEWS

STATE DEPARTMENT.

- Quilds and Commercial Treation .. - A correspo at at Frankfort-on-the-Maine, under date of 20th July,

cross.—Guata and Commercial Tractics.—A correspondent at Frankfort-on-the-Maine, under date of 20th July, writes as follows:

"The reports concerning the crops continue to be favorable from every quarter, and in many districts very considerable reductions have already taken place in the price of grain, and a further decline will no doubt follow. The prices of cattle are likewise sinking in consequence of the decreased demand for France. The prospect for an extraordinary vintage has not been more favorable since the year 1811, and the season of the greatest danger for the grapes has already passed over. The weather continues unusually warm for this quarter, and the want of rain begins to be felt. Should the dry season continue it is thought the potato and some other crops may suffer.

"In order to alleviate the agriculturists during the harvest the Minister of War of Wurtenburg has ordered that eighty men of each regiment be dismissed on furlough, from the 29th of July to the 22d of August, to supply the want of laborers. In Bavaria, on the contrary, the greater number of soldiers absent on furlough have been recalled to their regiments, in order to prepare for the military manœuvres which are to take place in the beginning of September. This measure has created much discontent among the people, and has given rise to severe complaints in the newspapers.

"The project of a new law on trades, elaborated by the Saxon government, is not favorably received by the public.

"The zovernment recognises the necessity of abolish-

the Saxon government, is not favorably received by the public.

"The government recognises the necessity of abolishing, or, at least, of modifying, the existing law on guilds, (trade corporations,) and of granting more freedom to traders; nevertheless, it proposes to maintain the system of guilds with certain modifications. The Chamber of Commerce of Chemnitz, the first manufacturing place of Saxony, has energetically protested against the new project, and proposed that the sume liberty as enjoyed by manufacturers should be granted to workmen, especially the right of selling the produce of their own labor, or, in other words, their labor itself.

"The Persian ambassador, Feruk Khan, has concluded treaties with many of the European States. Most of the States of Germany, and the Zollverein itself, will be in relation with the Persian State in virtue of these commercial treaties."

The Grant of Lands to Florida and Alabama. - The Comalssioner of the General Land Office has determined the principle on which the adjustment of the grant of land by Congress to the States of Alabama and Florida by the act of May 15, 1856, is to be made, which is the basis established by the grant of lands to the States of Alabams and Mississippi. This decision, though it treats the grant as a severally to Alabama and Florida, recognises the railroad as a continuous road, it being so ordered by the terms of the act, though running through both States, and decides that, as the purpose of the grant is to give lands within prescribed limits, these lands should be coextensive with the line of route, taking care to certify to each State only such lands as may full within its geographical and the prescribed limits.

Public Surveys in Oregon .- Returns have been received by the General Land Office of the extension of the coast meridian cast of Cape Blanco from township 26 south, between ranges 13 and 14 west, to township 37 south, of the Willamette meridian, in place and by offset sixty miles. The meridian line intersects in place and by offset Coquille river twice in township 28 south; Sequalchin creek in township 30 south; Floores's creek and trail from Port Orford to Gold mines in township 31 south; Pack trail from Port Orford to Rogue river in township

32 south; the Pacific ocean in township 34 south, and logue river in township 35 south. Advice of the Opening of the Land Office at Brownsville, Nebraska Territory.—The Commissioner of the General Land Office received on 7th instant the copy of a public notice to the pre-emptors in the Nemaha land district, Nebraska Territory, issued by the register and receiver at Brownsville, in said district, containing advice of the opening of the office on the 1st of September for the purpose of re-

ceiving pre-emption declarations. The following township plats have been received by said land officers, and persons residing upon the lands therein described are called upon to prove up their claims "as soon as they please :"

Townships 1 to 4 inclusive, of rauge 10. of ranges 11 and 12.

5 and 6 of range 13.
1, 2, 3, and 6, of range 14.
5 and 6, of ranges 15 and 16.

Other plats are shortly expected, and upon their receipt further notice will be given.

NAVY DEPARTMENT. The United States Steamer Fulton.—Subjoined is a list of the officers ordered to join the United States steamer Fulton, preparing at the Washington navy-yard for a cruise. The Fulton will be attached to the home squadron:
Lieut. commanding, John J. Almy; lieutenants, M. K.
Warrington, John B. Stewart, Robert Selden, and Rob-

ert T. Chapman ; purser, Robert H. Clark ; master, M. C. Campbell; passed assistant surgeon, John L. Burtt; first assistant engineer, H. Newell; third assistant engineers, Robert W. McCleary, John S. Albert, Walter P.

The Rev. Wm. Pinkney, D. D., having accepted the call of the vestry of the Church of the Ascension, will enter on the duties of his rectorship on Sanday, October 11.

Percons desiring pews in the church with please apply to

Excepter of Ascension Church

Register of Ascension Church

Sept 5 TuWkSeft

Marble Manufactures, Tombs, Statuettes, Etc. THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully invites the atten-tion of the public to his large and elegant stock of MARBLES, TOMBSTONES, AND MONUMENTS,

bitshment on E street north, between Twelfth and Thirteenth treets.

He has in his employ carvers and other experienced workers in fine

MARBLE MANTELS OF THE LATEST STYLES, Of his own manufacture, and of superior quality

LINTILS, DOOR AND WINDOW SILES, CARRIAGE STEPS, NEW YORK PLAGGING, &c. In fact, everything that is required in the marble and stone business, either for utility or taste for the fine arts.

He deems a particular description of his stock unnecessary, but cordally larties a visit to his yard, where every one can judge for himstree.

self.

Li addition to the above-enumerated articles he has a number of beautifully wrought statuettes, suitable for either the tomb or the garden; some of them imported by himself from Haly. If these pieas not the fance, he will manufacture to order such as may be desired.

By his varied facilities, pramptaess, and strict attention to business he hopes to meet the expectations of his patrons.

WILLIAM RUTHERFORD.

E street north, between Twelfth and Thirt

WINTER FUEL NOW ON HAND AND ON

the way—

600 this white ash egg coal for radiators

750 tons white ash broken coal for furnaces

600 tons red ash egg coal for grates

300 tons small dize for range and cooking stove

200 tons Cumberland coal.

ALSO—

T. J. & W. M. GALT,
Northwest corner 12th and C streets, No. 547,
One square south of Penn. avenue.

DERSONS desiring copies of Colonel Forney's new paper, THE PRESS, can obtain them every evening before 6 o'clock at Mr. De Camp's, on Pennsylvania avenue, near 4½ street, or at Mr. Manson's, opposite the Post Office. Mr. De Camp receives mouthly subscriptions.

# Collector's Office, City Hall,

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS—Deduction for prompt payment—Notice is hereby given that the taxes for the year 1857 are now due and payable at this office, and that a debuttion of ten per cent, is allowed by law for the current year if paid on or before the 18th day of September next.

JAS F. HALIDAY.

Collector.

MOST ABSORBING BOOK OF THE AGE Cousules: by George Sand. Frice 50 cents.

The Counters of Rodolstadt; by George Sand. 50 cents.

Sylvester Sound, the Sounoabshit; by Henry Cockton. 50 cents.

Corinne, or Haly; by Madame De Stand. 50 cents.

Life and Beauties of Fanny Fern, 2 volumes. 31; bound 31 25.

Sam Sick, the Clockmaker, 2 vols. 31; bound 31 25.

Cou Cregan, the Irish Gil Blas; by Charles Lever. 50 cents.

Just received at

TAYLOR & MAURY'S Bookstore,

Sep 2—3t

## GENERAL SUMMARY.

The Burlington (lowa) Gazette has the following: "It would be funny, would it not, that if after all the trouble and expense the two parties have been at in attending conventions and making their nominations, the new constitution was defeated? From a table we find in the Chicago Times, and from what we heard at lowa City, it looks as though we shall have to wait another year to test the strength of our candidates. This week the vote is to be counted, and then we shall know all about it."

DATIONAL AURICLITURAL EXHIBITION.—A despatch from Louisville, dated the 5th, says: "This was the sixth and last day of the Agricultural Show. The display of different grades and classes of horses and other animals was very fine. The whole concluded with a grand cavalcade of the premium animals, after which there was a splendid banduet."

The jury in the case of Mrs. Abigail Gardner, on at loston, charged with the murder of her husband, by administering poison, came into court on Friday evening unable to agree upon a verdict. The court instructed them to agree further, but there seemed little prospect of their coming to a deliberate conclusion.

A deepatch from New York says that the owners of the United States mail steamer Empire City have rendered a charge against the insurance company of four hundred thousand dollars for salvage, in assisting the steamer Illinois off the rocks on Colorada reef, a few days since. The charge, however, it is said, will be resisted as exorbitant.

Mr. Hollis Bond, of Brewer, is the father of eleven children, all daughters, married, and living, the youngest of whom is 35 years old, and the oldest 48. He has 60 grandchildren and 3 great-grandchildren living. Mr. Bond is 71 years old, but will pass for 50. He went to that State in 1805.

o that State in 1805.

Mr. Williams, of the Utica Herald, says, in his last setter from England to that paper, that a term of the riminal court is now being held in Liverpool, at which here are pending the modest number of fifteen cases of nurder, and twenty-one cases of manslaughter! The venerable Rembrandt Peale, of Philadelphia, no

in his eightieth year, is sojourning near Boston. This distinguished artist is the only painter now living to whom Washington sat for his portrait. Mr. Peale's first visit to Europe was made in 1809, when he painted Thor-

The first spinning-wheel made west of the mountains and presented to the first woman married in the Mann Valley, will be placed in the exhibition of the Mechanics' Institute, Cincinnati, during the display in Septem The official vote for judges of the supreme court in Missouri stands thus; Scott, 46,714; Napton, 38,895; Richardson, 35,397; Ryland, 31,674; Gardenhire, 17,765; Adams, 16,714; Wright, 12,251; Noel, 10,097; Hovey, 5,434.

The South Carolinian says, in regard to the Chinese sugar-cane crop: "The most favorable reports of this southern product come to us from all parts of the State. We think there can be little doubt of its value.

It is rumored (says the Montreal Argus) that the governor general is about to return in the next Canadian steamer, and Sir Wm. Eyre is to be recalled for the purpose of taking a command in India.

The Wisconsin annual conference of the Methodist church is now in session at the first M. E. church, on Spring street, in Milwaukie. The presiding officer Bishop Ames, of Indiana. Letters from Baden mention that Mr. Bristed (John

acob Astor's grandson) has purchased a beautiful villa here, and astonishes the company with his fleet trot-MRS. BURR'S School for Young Ladies, No. 391

# Select School for Young Ladies,

ENGLISH AND FRENCH,
No. 309 F street, between 11th and 12th.

THIS SCHOOL will be opened on Monday, Septer ber 14, under the personal superintentence of Fr. 2 area.

Mactool and the indies of his family, with assistants of subtry a perisence. For thorough literary culture, social advantages, a comforts of home, it presents peculiar attractions to bearing at substance.

University of Nashville. THE Medical Department opens November 2; the free preliminary course, October 5, 1867. Apply to PAUL F. EVE, Dean.

Apply to

PAUL F. EVE, Dean

The Collegiate Department, Western Military institute, commence
next session September 7. It comprises a complete classical course,
an elective course in engineering, in acientific and agricultural
branches; and a preparatory school. Tuition, boarding, washing, fuel,
2100 per term of twenty weeks. Modern languages, &c., each \$10 per

term.

Last session there were 630 students in the two departments.

Apply to

B. R. JOHNSON, Superinten
Nasavanas, Tenn., July 11, 1857.

Aug 5—3mdaw &w\*

# English and French Boarding and Day School FOR YOUNG LAMES,

VEN BUILDINGS, NO. 138, PENSSYLVANIA AVENUE, WASHING Monday, September 14th, 1857.

The number of pupils being limited, and the vacancies being few, early application for admission is requested.

Greulars can be obtained at the bookstores, or of the principal at her residence, whence they will be forwarded to any address.

Aug 8—3tawtff

MISSES ROOKER'S English and French Boarding and day school for young ladies, No. 464 Estreet, between 6th and 7th, Washington city.

The duties of this institution, which has been in successful operation for some years, will be resumed on Monday, September 14. Circulars containing particulars can be obtained at the bookstores of the city

# THE COLUMBIAN COLLEGE,

Aug 18—Sawtf

THE ANNUAL SESSION of this institution will

commence on Wednesday, the thirtieth (30th) of September ents will be examined for entrance on the Monday and Tuesday The preparatory department of the institution will open on Welnesday, the minth (9th) of September. It will be under the supervision of the college officers, and will be provided with the best instruction.

For admission, or further information, apply to the president of the college.

8. PRENTISS, Aug 25-2aw3w

Georgetown College.

Studies will be resumed in this institution on Mon-day, the 7th of September next.

B. A. MAGURE,
President.

THE Misses Hawley's French and English School will be re-opened on Monday, Soptember 14th, at their recidence, Aug 26—3aw3w

Maryland. THE exercises of this institution will recommence

of ten months. The recent anguage is toered per about of ten months. \$100 Stationery, washing, mending, hed, bedding, doctor's fee, &c. 19 Music on the piano, harp, and gutar forms an additional charge. Lessons in the Latin, German, Italian, and Spanish languages, drawing and painting, are likewise extra charges. Entrance fee \$5.

Aig 23—1aw7w\*

# Modern Languages.

DANIEL E. GROUX, a native of France, teacher of madern languages, especially French, Spanish, and German. readilations made with correctness and punctuality, at moderate rices.

Francylvanis avenue, No. 223, south side beauty. Pennsylvania avenne, No. 223, nouth side, between 14th and 15th recets, opposite Willard's Hotel, Washington, D. C.
Ang 25—SawMWAF

CHOOL BOOKS of the latest editions, and strongly bound, such as are used in the city and District; for sale at the lowest prices by ERANCE TAYLOR.

# EBBITT HOUSE.

D. L. MORRESO F street, between 15th and 14th streets, WASHINGTON, D. C.

WASHINGTON, P. C.

THIS popular and fushionable hotel has been thoroughly repaired and formshed with new and superior furniture it contains over one hundred rooms, and has all the requisites of a first-class house.

The proprietors have provided a coach, which will be at the railroad lepot and steamhout landing at every arrival for the conveyance of mesengers and buggage to the hotel.

June 25—

W. II.LARD'S HOTEL.—J. C. & H. A. Willard, Penncylvania avenue and Fourieenth street, Washington, B. C. Jan 29—dift

J. MIDDLETON, Ice dealer, office and depot southwest corner of F and Twelfth streets, Washington, D. C. 11—d1y†

## LOCAL NEWS.

THE NEW CODE.-A correspondent says that, in our publication of the 5th instant, we seem to be carried away with the prevailing notion of "these days," that, adds: "Now, atthough this maxim may apply in many cases, we think you will admit that it does not in the case of laws, if they be good laws. No people are so appy as they who, having received a good set of laws, erhaps he means a set of good laws,] are unable to tell ould not have you condemn our present laws on acany amendment or revision which will make them better; but even for this, time must be of the essence of the determination. You say any change cannot be for the worse'—being aware, I suppose, of the fact that the pres-ent code proposes a thorough repeal of our Maryland stat-

of Columbia, is, that they have not "received a set of Good of this District came under the exclusive legislation of Congress; and one of the first acts, in 1801, fifty-six years ago, was to extend over us the laws of Maryland, at tha time in an imperfect condition, and they have remained until now on our statute books, without, perhaps, a single alteration! Congress have twice essayed us, but the two codes framed were not adopted!

in 1763 the legislature of Maryland passed a general law providing that no man's rights should be impaired in the courts of justice by any defects in the forms of proceeding, and enjoined it upon the courts, in every case, to give judgment according to the very right of the cause. Mut, strange as it may appear—as we learn from respectable legal authority—this statute, intended to strike down forms and make provision for justice, was treated with contempt by the courts, and it was never re spected in Maryland, so wedded were the judges to the laws of Great Britain! In 1785 the legislature passed an-other law, and that, too, was disregarded; and in 1809 they found it necessary to repeal the same act, in order to ce obalience to the courts! This shows the obstinate ad-

erence in courts to ancient forms.

The new code, now nearly completed, does not propose sweep away that which is "good," but to abolish the accumulated evils in the present system. To the latter branch of the subject there can be no objection. The laws should be framed to suit the necessities of these times, even at the expense of a veneration for the anti-quated and unsuitable forms which have descended to us rom Maryland, which State has, long ago, modified them, to answer the purposes of an enlightened age. We are perfectly willing to "hold fast that which is good." It is the wil of which every man, practitioner at the bar or not, should rid himself,

Any argument to show the necessity for a general re-vision of the laws would now be superfluous, as every inelligent citizen knows that, by the present usage, the nds of justice are not, at all times, readily at Besides, there is so much complicity, and so many "deadetter" laws, as to imperatively demand a reform which, while it will the more certainly secure individual rights, will, at the same time, be comparatively better under-stood by those upon whom it is to operate.

THE CITY COUNCIL YESTERDAY -The Board of Alder A communication was received from the mayor an-nouncing that he had signed a number of bills, among which were several making appropriations for building

bridges.

A communication was received from the Washington Union Fire Department, asking the passage of ordinance confirmatory to said department of certain police and other powers designated in an accompanying copy of the by-laws of said department: referred to a special com-

The potition of the Anacostia Fire Company and othe citizens for an appropriation for the purchase of a new suction was presented by Mr. Ruff, and referred to the committee on the fire department.

The bills from the lower board to divide the Third and Fourth wards each into three election precincts were re-

ferred to the committee on police.

A bill for the relief of the Metropolitan Hook and Ladder Company was reported from the committee on the

fire department and passed. The Common Council .- A communication was also ceived in this branch of the city council, announcing that he had signed a large number of bills, among which was that making an appropriation for the contingent and other expenses of the public schools for the current year.

The board of aldermen's substitute for the bill to con-

ruct a sewer in the Fourth ward was passed. The bill from the upper board for the relief of the Co-

umbia Fire Company was passed.

A bill for providing lamps on 7th and 9th streets, near the Centre Market, was introduced by Mr. Orme, and

THE CAPITOL EXTENSIONS-COST OF THE MARRIE USED. We have lately given the prices of the Massachusetts marble used in the walls and for the columns of the porticoes and corridors. The variegated Tennessee marble is obtained from the quarries of Eastern Tennessee, and costs, delivered, from five to seven dollars per cubic foot. The verd antique comes from Roxbury, Vermont, and costs, delivered, sawed to dimensions, seven dollars per foot. Column shafts of this for stairways cost \$250 each. The Breccia marble is procured from the Potomac quarries in Montgomery county, Maryland, and costs, delivered, four dollars per foot. The Levant marble comes from the quarries on the north coast of Africa, and costs, delivered, five dollars per foot. Ordinary Italian, for vestibules and stairways and the Senate retiring room, costs \$2.75 per foot, and Italian statuary marble, pure white, \$7.95. Choice blocks of the Lee marble, for sta'rmary, costs \$2.50 exch. Choice blocks of the Lee marble, for statuary, costs \$2 50 per foot. Italian marble, polished skirting, costs \$1 25 per superficial foot.

THE SHIP ISABELLA, from Liverpool, arrived at Alexandria on Saturday last after a passage of seventy-two days. Her cargo consisted of eight hundred tons of salt. The brig Fidelia, from New York, one of Dodge's West India vessels, touched at Alexandria on Saturday last, She brings, among other things, iron castings for the Academy of the Visitation, Frederick City, Capitol, and two hundred and seventy-five bundles of printing paper for the government.

> THE NAVAL COURTS.-The three naval courts were reopened yesterday morning, after a recess of a month's duration. The members of these courts seem to have been benefited by this brief rest from their labors, judging from their improved appearance.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS commenced again yesterday. Early in the morning the side-walks were thronged with groups

Hon. J. Glancy Jones, of Pennsylvania.

PERSONAL.—Among the guests at Willard's Hotel is

Sciect Family School for Young Ladies, English and French. No. 209 F Street, Warkington.

No. 209 F Street, Warkington.

No. University of Glasgow, formerland master of Rayouseroit College and Ashwood School, and Frederics of Rheturic and Bellos-Lettres in the Columbia Institute.

THIS School will be opened on the second Mon-day of September next for the reception of a limited number of bearding papits and day scholars, who will be treated in all respects as members of the principal's family. The design is to offer to young ladies from a distance all that is included in the name of "Home," and to extend to the day scholars the advantages of home influence. Be local situation at the national metropole—in the initiet of pol-lahed society, whose confidence its confictors only; in the heart of a city whose resident population is singularly pure, refined, and cul-tivated—will be of great value in preparing young ladies for their en-trance into good company, as well as for the practical concerns of life.

### BY TELEGRAPH.

Four Days Later from Europe. Sr. Jones, (N. F.,) Sept. 5.—The United States mail steamship Arago, Captain Lines, from Havre and Southannyton on the 26th of August, passed Cape Race at about noon of Thursday, the 2d instant. The Arago will be due at New York on Monday next. Her advices, which are four days later than those received by the Vanderbilt and Asia at New York, were obtained by a fishing smack, and brought to this port. Commercially they are of considerable importance, but in a political point of view they are of but little interest.

This is the first successful attempt to obtain news from Europe by the steamers passing Cape Bace, which, in itself, is a highly-important achievement, demonstrating as it does the practicability of obtaining news, were a steamer employed, in about seven or eight days from Europe.

ope.
The Arago has about 220 passengers, and \$100,000 in

The Arago has accust 250 passengers, and a specie.

Great Britain.—Parliament has been proregued.

Spollen, who was acquitted of the murder of Mr. Little, of Dublin, had been rearrested for his robbery, and would soon be tried therefor.

It was reported that Lord John Russell was about to be elevated to the peerage.

Several failures among commercial men at Liverpool are reported. The names are not given, however, in the decreated.

respaces.—French ships-of-war are ordered to render every necessary aid in their power to the English vessels proceeding to India with troops.

The news from Algeria is favorable to the French

and Naples are unsettled, and matters look decidedly un-favorable in that quarter.

The harvest in Turkey had turned out highly success-

The Shah of Persia was increasing his army.
The Queen of Madagascar had recommends
secution of Europeans by her subjects.
The cholera is abating at St. Petersburgh.

[SECOND DESPATCH.] NEW YORK, Sept. 7 .- The Arago arrived here in season or the morning mails.

The Europa arrived out at Liverpool on the 23d Au

gust.

The Circassian arrived at the same port on the 22d, in

The Circassian arrived at the same port on the 22d, in less than eight days from St. Johns.

Warlike rumors have been received from the principalities. It was reported there that Prince Danilo was preparing an expedition to invade the Turkish territory.

The Porte had announced a willingness to resume negotiations on the basis of the arrangement made between Queen Victoria and the Emperor Napoleon at Osborne.

The Sultan also consents to new elections in Moldavia. A letter from London says if the Telegraph Company should postrone operations until next summer the present

should postpone operations until next summer the p cable will be sold and a new one made, five hundred longer, in season to be laid next June. LIVERPOOL, Aug. 26.—Cotton generally clo advancing tendency. Prices have advanced \$\frac{1}{6}\$. The market is active—sales during the past three days 42,000 bales, including 6,000 to speculators and 4,000 to ex-

porters.

Breadstuffs generally have a declining tendency, and buyers demand a reduction. Flour has declined is: wheat, 4d. Yellow corn slightly lower. Quotations were nominal. The weather had been favorable for the

crops.

Provisions were generally unchanged. Heef was quiet and quotations nominal. Bacon steady. Lard quiet at 70s. Sugar generally closed buoyant at an advance of 6d. Rosin was steady. Consols closed at 90<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>.

More Failures. New York, Sept. 7.—Messrs. Little, Cutting, & Co. D. Healy, and Bates, Gridin & Livermore, flour and pro ace dealers, have suspended.

Arrival of the North American. QUEBEC, Sept. 7.—The North American arrived here esterday. Her advices are of the same date as those of

Vermont Election.

Bosron, Sept. 6.—In thirteen towns in Vermont the democrats gain 13 representatives, and in three towns the republicans gain 3. Ohio River.

WHEELING, (Va.,) Sept. 7 .- The river to day is falling DIED,

After a short sickness, JOHN S. DEVLIN, esq., of Washington city for many years an officer in the marine corps, and a civil officer here and cleewhere, of the atrictest aprightness and philosophical habit and spotless name, in the 59th year of his ago. FRENCH DRAWING BOOKS Of landscape drawing.

# Of animals. Of the human figure. Price 62 cents each. Imported from Paris by Sep 8 FRANCK TAYLOR.

Washington Aqueduct.

OFFICE OF THE WASHINGTON AQUIDECT, Washington, March 5, 1857 DROPOSALS are invited for materials and work for the Washington aqueduct.

Proposals received up to 7th May will be opened at noon of that day.

Maps, profiles, and specifications of the materials and work to be

the engineer, the work has been properly executed so far as it has gone.

Payments will be made in specie checks upon the United States treasury upon the mouthly estimates of the engineer, reserving 10 per cent; and it will be a condition of all contracts that the workmen shall be paid their full wages monthly, and in specie.

All hids should be seated, and enderaed "Proposals for work or materials on the Washington Aquoduct."

The United States reserves the right to reject any or all the bids should they not be deemed advantageous, and to make such arrangements as may be considered most conductive to the progress of the work.

ments as may be consuered most conserver to a power.

Every offer must be accompanied by a written guarantee, signed be one or more responsible persons, to the effect that he or they under take that the bidder or bidders will, if his or their bid be accepted enter into an obligation, within ten days, with good and sufficient securities, for the completion of the work undertaken; said guarantee be accompanied by the certificate of the United States district atterney, navy agent, or some officer the general government or individual known to the Engineer or II partment of War, that the guarantors are able to make good the guaranteer.

guarantee.

Bits will be opened in presence of bidders, if any of them choose to M. C. MERS, be present.

Capt. of Engineers, in charge.

FORM OF GUARANTEE.

FORM OF GUARANTEE.

To Capt. M. C. Meigs, U. S. Engineers.

We, the undersigned, residents of \_\_\_\_\_\_, in the Sinte of \_\_\_\_\_\_, hereby, jointly and severally, covenant with the United States, and guaranty, in case the foregoing bid of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ be necepted, that he or they will, within ten days after the acceptance of the said bid, execute the contract for the same, with good ands ufficient sureties to perform or furnish the articles proposed in conformity to the terms of the advertisement under which it was made. And in case the said \_\_\_\_\_\_ shall fall to enter into contract as aforesald, we guaranty to make good the difference between the offer by the said \_\_\_\_\_\_ and the next lowest hidder.

I hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the theve-samed guaranters are good and sufficient.

Gigned)

Sep 1—Lawtr Bank of Commerce, Georgetown, D. C.

THE subscriber has had consigned to him for negotiation 15 bonds of Romey county, Minnesota, 10 per cent, 10 bonds of Scott county, Minnesota, 12 per cent, and 8 bonds of Carver county, Minnesota, 12 per cent, and 8 bonds of Carver county, Minnesota, 12 per cent, and 8 bonds of Carver county, Minnesota, 12 per cent, and 8 bonds of Carver county, Minnesota, 12 per cent, and 8 bonds of Carver county, Minnesota, 12 per cent, and 8 bonds of Carver county, Minnesota, 12 per cent, and 8 bonds of Carver county, Minnesota, 12 per cent, and 8 bonds of Carver county, Minnesota, 12 per cent, and 8 bonds of Carver county, Minnesota, 10 per cent, 10 bonds of Carver county, Minnesota, 10 per cent, 10 bonds of Carver county, Minnesota, 10 per cent, 10 bonds of Carver county, Minnesota, 10 per cent, 10 bonds of Carver county, Minnesota, 10 per cent, 10 bonds of Carver county, Minnesota, 10 per cent, 10 bonds of Carver county, Minnesota, 10 per cent, 10 bonds of Carver county, Minnesota, 10 per cent, 10 bonds of Carver county, Minnesota, 10 per cent, 10 bonds of Carver county, Minnesota, 10 per cent, 10 bonds of Carver county, Minnesota, 10 per cent, 20 per cen

# Virginia Land Office.

if the transposition of the tuitionary system will be to impart the general intellectual citizers and activity which alone deserve the name of education, and enable the passessor to secure that higher improvement which no school can bestow.

The admission of pupils is not restricted to any particular age.
The sessions begin on the second Monday of September and the first months of July and August.

The reactions extend through the months of July and August.

The reactions extend through the months of July and August.

The reactions extend through the months of July and August.

The reactions which are the first description of the very local properties of the control of the properties of the properties of the control of the properties of the properties of the control of the properties of the properties of the control of the properties of the control of the properties of the July 24 -ckw6w

their incomes must be doubled.—The undersigned has invest and obtained letters patent from the United States for the ar-gement and combination of machinery for converting seed contor

Feb 281-4f

R. H. GHLLET, Cow sellor at Law, has removed H. GHLLET, Cowasellor at Law, has removed his office to his restauce in Franklin Ever, corner of K and Turteenth streets. He will continue to devote his attention principally to cases in the United States Supreme Court.

Having devoted much time to the how concerning patents, he will give advice and opinions of legal questions arising in cases before the Fatent Office, and on appeals to the cheef justice or angitant justices of the District of Columbia; and will also assets in the preparation and tried of suits concerning patents.

He will also give written opinions and prepare arguments for parties having claims before Congress or either of the departments; and will also prosecute claims before any board established for their adjudication.

George C. Thomas,

Commissioner of Deeds for all the States,

BANKING HOUSE OF CHUBB BROTHE

TOHN D. BARROW and HENRY HOLMES are this day admitted as partners in the Banking House of Chubb Brothers. The firm from this date will be composed of Chas. St. J. Chubb, Jobn B. Barrow, and Henry Holmes. The House in Da-venport, Lowa, is composed of Charles St. J. Chubb, Wm. H. Dougal, and Alexander H. Barrow, under the firm of Chubb Brothers, Bar-row, & Co.

CHUBB BROTHERS, Jan 1—dif

JONES & NOELL, Attorneys-at-Law

DUBUQUE, IOWA. W.H.L. attend faithfully and punctually to any business in the line of their profession committed to them. collections made in lows, litmois, Wisconsia, and Minnesota Territory, and proceeding promptly remitted.

Col. Thomas Green,
Mossrs, Pairo & Nourse, Bankers,
Hon. Beverdy Johnson, Baltimore, Maryland.
Hon. John McKeon,
Hon. John M. Dix,
Sep 2—dtf

THOMAS R. SUPER, LUKE LEA, LATTER R. SHOOT. SUTER, LEA, & CO., ) MOOT, RUSSELL, & CO., Bankers, Leavenworth City, K. T., dealers in exchange, uncurrent bank notes, and land arrants. Agents for the purchase and sale of lands and city lots, and all business appertaining to a first-class land agency. Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and

LUTHER R. SMOOT, WM. H. RUSSELL, (Of Majors, Russell, & Co.,) THOMAS R. SUTER, LUKE LEA,

Washington Insurance Company. CHARTERED BY CONGRESS.

THIS Company is now prepared to receive appli-rations for inaurance on buildings, merchandise, &c., at the usual city rates, without any charge for policy, at their edice, corner of Tenth street and Penn, avenue, over the Washington Ciw Savings

Benj. Beall. JAMES C. McGUIRE, President G. D. Hasson, Secretary. May 29—dly

Capital, \$2,454,000. Annual dividend on life policies, 40 per cent. Ninety-eight families were relieved during 1846 by paying \$214,996. Statements of the company's operations farmished. Those who intered at other agencies, and have removed to this city, can have their olicles renewed through

DR. C. H. VAN PATTEN, Dentist, expects to R. U. H. VAN FATLEN, Defitist, expects to reach his home by the 5th September proxime, when, with renewed vigor and energy, he will resume his professional duties. With abundant reason for believing that his efforts in Washington during the past eighteen years have proved generally satisfactory, he is determined yet more and more to merit the public confidence and patronage, which he again respectfully solicits.

Office (as heretofore) at his residence, Cedar Hill Villa, Pennsylvania avenue, near Georgetown.

WATCH Repairing and Engraving.—Watches

ulting of arms, crests, mottoes, and initials on stone.

\*\* Visiting and wedding cards elegantly engraved and printed.

M. W. GALT & BRO.,

Jewellers, 324 Pennsylvania avenue,

Between 9th and 10th street

Between 9th and 10th street

FURNACES. THE ATTENTION of the community generally, THE ATTENTION of the community generally, and of house-builders particularly, is invited to the Keystone Heater, lately patented by J. B. Green, of Philadelphia.

All persons interested are solicited to call at our store and satisfy themselves of the superiority of this heater over all others in use. So successfully have the principles of combustion been applied in its construction, that although it presents a radiating surface of one hundred and fifty square feet, it requires thirty per cent. less coal than any furnace betterefore manufactured.

Every improvement that an experience of thirty years in the furnace beginess could suggest has been applied in the production of the Keystone Heater, and its proprietors feel assured that, for efficiency and economy of use, it is unsurpassed.

SIMANY & GUY,

No. 320 Penn. avenue, bet. 10th and 11th sts.,

Exclusive agency for the sale of the Keystone Heater.

Aug b—T&Th2m

Sep 4—codiffin CURNITURE AND HOUSE-FURNISHING Goods

FOR SALE, very valuable real estate on Pennsylvania avenue.—The paperty adjoining on the east, the vacant lot at corner of Pennsylvania avenue and 15th street. It from 27 fect on the avenue, and contains 2,322 square feet, rouning back to a 30-feet alley.

Further particulars, terms, &c., made known on application to KELLER & McKENNEY,

15th street, opposite Treasury Department.

THE LOT is about one hundred and seventy feet by one hundred and sixty feet, being the ground partly of pied by the Union newspaper printing office, and partly by the rof the late National Theatre. There is no place in the country with a first-class hotel is more importatively required, nor where any one would so surely prove profitable. The terms will be made v favorable, and, if needed, facilities will be afforded in the erection suitable hotel.

SCHOOL STATIONERY—States, Copy Books, Exercise and Composition Books, and all the requisites for school
juition, for sale, on the lowest terms, at
TAYLOR & MAURY'S
Bookstore, near 9th street.

Corner Main and Shawnee streets, opposite Planters' Hotel, Ap 18—džapjem Leavenworth City, K. T

Samuel Bacon, James F. Haliday, Hudson Taylor, M. W. Galt, Robert Farnham, Wm. Orme, Francis Mohun

Mutual Life Insurance Company of Connecticut.

FROST KING. C. WOODWARD'S Metropolitan Stove and Grate factory, No. 318 Pennsylvania avenue, between 10th and 11th

at reduced prices.—The subscriber, intending to devote his attention exclusively to the auction and commission and real-estate business, offers for sale his extensive stock of furniture and house furnishing goods at greatly reduced prices, for each or satisfactority-endersed
notes.

JAS. C. MAGUIRE,
Aug 25—cod1m

Auction and Commission Merchant. ROR RENT.—A rare chance.—Now under construction, 12 large and siry rooms, with all the conveniences of water and lights. The location is in the principal business square of the city, and the rooms are well adapted for dentitat, adapterrectypists, offices, &c. Also, a convenient and siry basement, suitable for any light business. The whole finished and well lighted in the most improved manner, after the New York styles.

WALL & STEPHENS,
No. 522 Pennsylvania avenue, between 2th and 10th streets, entrance on D street.

Aug 19—Imif

SPLENDID HOTEL LOT FOR SALE, In the city of Washington, D. C., and fronting on Pennsyl-

missic hotel.

Apply, in Washington, to C. H. WINDER; or, in Philadelphia, to N. W. H. WINDER, No. 743, Walnut street.

And, if not sold, the Union Buildings will be for rent, and possession tyen on the 1st of September, 1857.

July 25—2aw2mf [Intel.]